

SAMPLE REPORT · QUICK REVIEW

Accessibility Quick Review

Harbor & Pine Outfitters (demo online store)

Standard	WCAG 2.2 Level AA
Pages tested	Home, Product page (Canvas Field Jacket), Cart
Date	October 30, 2026
Prepared by	WCAGGuard, a product of AICryptoXpert LLC
Client	[Redacted in samples]

This is a sample. Harbor & Pine Outfitters is a fictional store we built to show what a WCAGGuard report looks like. Every finding below was found by testing that demo site.

Not legal advice. This report describes accessibility problems found in the pages tested on the date shown and how to fix them. It doesn't state that a website meets any law or standard.

Summary

We tested 3 pages against WCAG 2.2 Level AA using automated scanning, keyboard-only testing and a check of what assistive technology announces. We found **9 issues**. The most serious one stops keyboard and screen-reader users from buying anything: the product size can only be chosen with a mouse.

4

Critical

4

Serious

1

Moderate

0

Minor

Fix these first

1. **Let keyboard users choose a size** (issue 1). Without it, they can't complete a purchase.
2. **Name the cart button, the quantity fields and the product images** (issues 2 to 4). These are small code changes that make the main shopping path usable with a screen reader.
3. **Restore a visible focus outline** (issue 5). One stylesheet change fixes it on every page.

All issues

#	Issue	Severity	WCAG criterion	Found by
1	Size can't be chosen with a keyboard	Critical	2.1.1 Keyboard	Manual
2	Cart button has no name	Critical	4.1.2 Name, Role, Value	Automated
3	Product images have no text alternative	Critical	1.1.1 Non-text Content	Automated
4	Quantity fields have no label	Critical	4.1.2 Name, Role, Value	Automated
5	You can't see where keyboard focus is	Serious	2.4.7 Focus Visible	Manual
6	Text is too light to read	Serious	1.4.3 Contrast	Automated
7	Links with no text	Serious	2.4.4 Link Purpose	Automated
8	Page language isn't set	Serious	3.1.1 Language of Page	Automated
9	"Added to cart" isn't announced	Moderate	4.1.3 Status Messages	Manual

Severity: **Critical** blocks a task for some users. **Serious** makes a task very hard. **Moderate** causes confusion or extra effort. **Minor** is an annoyance.

How we tested

Automated scanning. Every page was scanned with axe-core (the engine behind WCAGGuard) using the WCAG 2.0, 2.1 and 2.2 Level A and AA rules. A person reviewed each automated result before it went into this report.

Keyboard testing. We worked through the main shopping task (find a product, choose a size, add it to the cart, go to the cart) using only the Tab, Shift+Tab, Enter, Space and arrow keys.

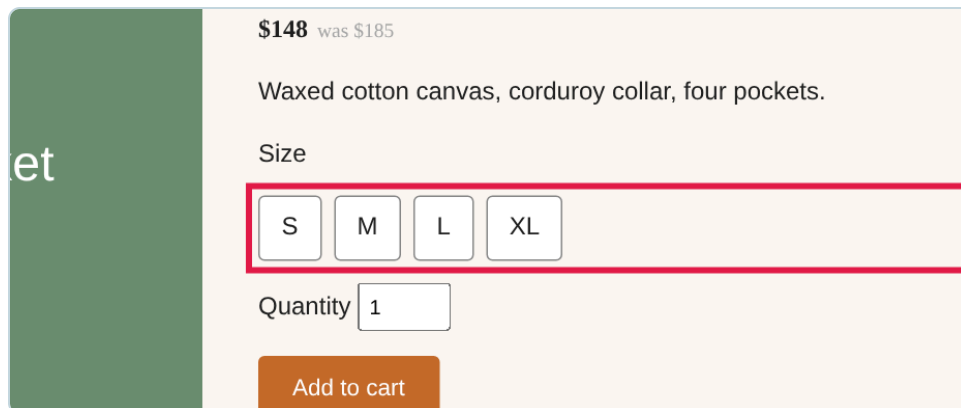
Screen-reader checks. In client audits we test with NVDA on Windows and VoiceOver on Mac and iPhone. For this sample, we checked what assistive technology would announce using the browser's accessibility tree.

Automated and manual testing together find most issues, but no review finds everything. We recommend re-testing after fixes and after major site changes.

Findings

1 Size can't be chosen with a keyboard

Critical WCAG 2.1.1 Keyboard (A); 4.1.2 Name, Role, Value (A) Manual testing

A screenshot of a product page for a jacket. On the left is a green vertical bar with the text 'et' in white. To the right, the product details are shown: '\$148 was \$185', 'Waxed cotton canvas, corduroy collar, four pockets.', and 'Size'. Below 'Size' are four buttons labeled 'S', 'M', 'L', and 'XL', which are highlighted with a red rectangular border. Below these buttons is a 'Quantity' field with the number '1' and an 'Add to cart' button.

Size options S, M, L and XL on the product page, highlighted

What's wrong

The S, M, L and XL size options are plain boxes that only respond to a mouse click. When we pressed Tab through the product page, focus went from the cart button straight to the quantity field and never reached a size. Keyboard and screen-reader users can't pick a size, so they can't buy the jacket.

Who it affects

Keyboard users, screen-reader users, switch and voice-control users.

How to fix it

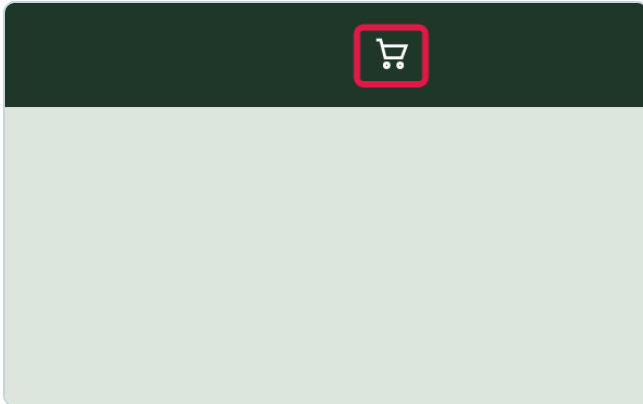
Use real form controls. Radio buttons work well, and screen readers then also hear which size is selected.

```
<fieldset>
  <legend>Size</legend>
  <label><input type="radio" name="size" value="S"> S</label>
  <label><input type="radio" name="size" value="M"> M</label>
  ...
</fieldset>
```

2 Cart button has no name

Critical

WCAG 4.1.2 Name, Role, Value (A) Automated, confirmed by a person



Cart button in the site header, highlighted

What's wrong

The cart icon in the header is a button with only an icon inside. Screen readers announce it as just "button", so shoppers who are blind can't tell it opens the cart.

Who it affects

Screen-reader users.

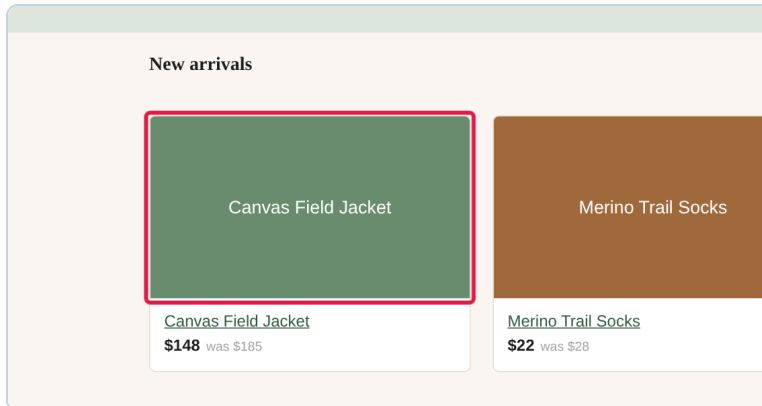
How to fix it

Give the button a name. Either add visually hidden text or an aria-label:

```
<button class="cart-btn" aria-label="Cart">
  <svg aria-hidden="true" ...></svg>
</button>
```

3 Product images have no text alternative

Critical WCAG 1.1.1 Non-text Content (A) Automated, confirmed by a person



Product image without alt text in the New arrivals grid, highlighted

What's wrong

Product photos have no alt attribute. Screen readers skip them or read the file name, so shoppers miss what the product looks like.

Who it affects

Screen-reader users; people on slow connections when images fail to load.

How to fix it

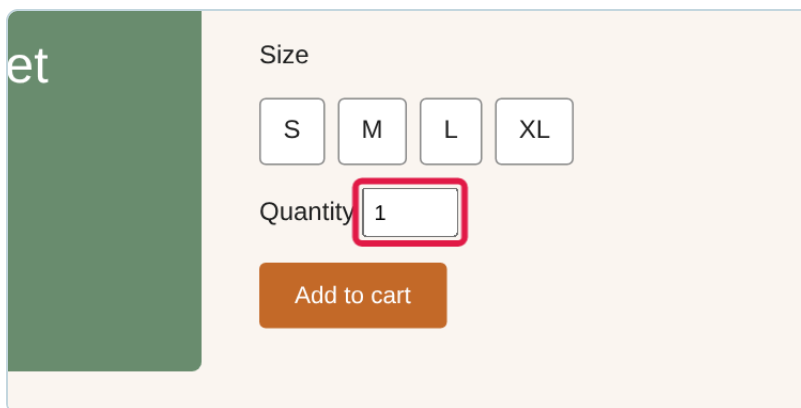
Describe what the photo shows. If an image is purely decorative, use an empty alt (alt="").

```

```

4 Quantity fields have no label

Critical WCAG 4.1.2 Name, Role, Value (A); 1.3.1 Info and Relationships (A) Automated, confirmed by a person



Quantity field on the product page, highlighted

What's wrong

The word "Quantity" sits next to the field but isn't connected to it, and the cart's quantity field has no label at all. Screen readers announce "spin button, 1" with no context.

Who it affects

Screen-reader and voice-control users.

How to fix it

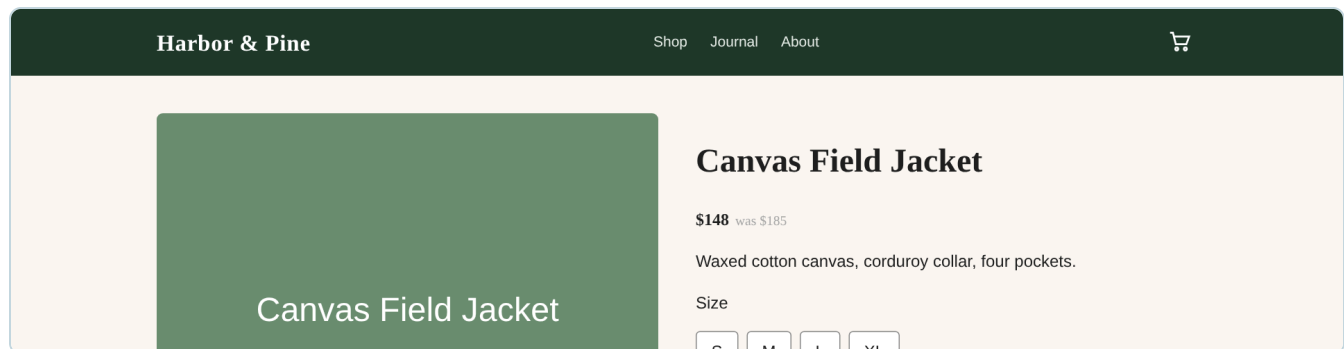
Connect a visible label to each field with `for` and `id`.

```
<label for="Quantity">Quantity</label>
<input id="Quantity" type="number" value="1" min="1">
```

5 You can't see where keyboard focus is

Serious

WCAG 2.4.7 Focus Visible (AA) Manual testing



Top of the product page while the About link has keyboard focus, with no visible focus indicator

What's wrong

The stylesheet removes the focus outline from every element (`:focus { outline: none; }`) and nothing replaces it. While tabbing through the product page, none of the 11 focusable items showed where focus was. The screenshot was taken with focus on the "About" link; nothing shows it.

Who it affects

Keyboard users, including many people with motor disabilities.

How to fix it

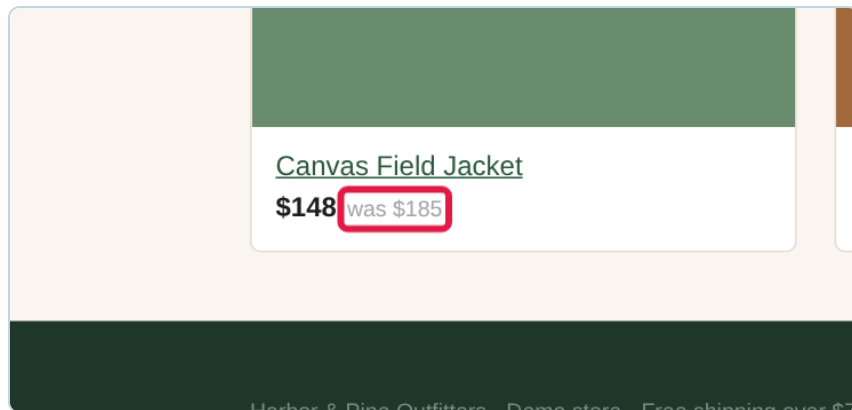
Remove the rule and add a clear focus style that only appears for keyboard users.

```
:focus-visible {
  outline: 3px solid #1f3a2c;
  outline-offset: 2px;
}
```

6 Text is too light to read

Serious

WCAG 1.4.3 Contrast (Minimum) (AA) Automated, confirmed by a person



Gray "was \$185" price text, highlighted

What's wrong

The crossed-out "was" prices, footer text and the orange buttons don't have enough contrast with their backgrounds. For example, the gray "was \$185" text is about 2.4:1 against white; the minimum for normal text is 4.5:1.

Who it affects

People with low vision, older shoppers, anyone on a phone outdoors.

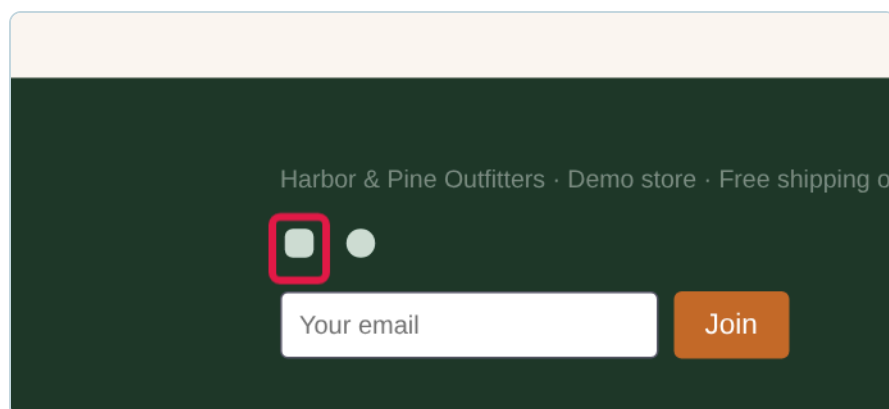
How to fix it

Darken the text (or the background) until it reaches 4.5:1. For the gray prices, #6b6b6b on white passes. For the orange buttons, darken the orange to about #9a4f1c.

```
.sale { color: #6b6b6b; }  
.btn { background: #9a4f1c; }
```

7 Links with no text

Serious WCAG 2.4.4 Link Purpose (In Context) (A); 4.1.2 Name, Role, Value (A) Automated, confirmed by a person



Social media icon links in the footer, highlighted

What's wrong

The social media icons in the footer and the product image links have no text. Screen readers announce "link" with no destination, 10 times across the 3 pages.

Who it affects

Screen-reader and voice-control users.

How to fix it

Give icon links a name, and give linked images alt text that says where the link goes.

```
<a href="https://instagram.com/harborandpine" aria-label="Harbor & Pine on Instagram">
  <svg aria-hidden="true" ...></svg>
</a>
```

8 Page language isn't set

Serious WCAG 3.1.1 Language of Page (A) Automated, confirmed by a person

What's wrong

The pages don't say what language they're in, so screen readers may read English text with the wrong pronunciation.

Who it affects

Screen-reader users, especially those whose device is set to another language.

How to fix it

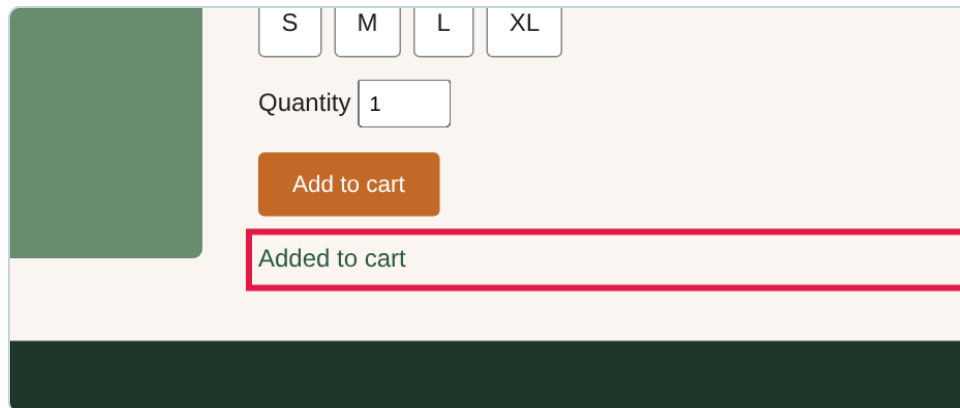
Add the language to the html element on every page template.

```
<html lang="en">
```

9 "Added to cart" isn't announced

Moderate

WCAG 4.1.3 Status Messages (AA) Manual testing



The "Added to cart" message below the button, highlighted

What's wrong

After pressing Add to cart, the text "Added to cart" appears below the button, but it isn't marked as a status message. Screen readers say nothing, so users don't know whether it worked.

Who it affects

Screen-reader users.

How to fix it

Mark the message area as a status region before any text is added to it.

```
<div id="msg" role="status"></div>
```

Next steps

1. Share this report with your developer and fix the issues in the order above.
2. Fix each problem in the page template, not page by page. One template fix usually covers every product page.
3. Re-test after the fixes. The Full Audit includes one free re-check; Quick Review customers can add one.
4. Keep this report and a dated list of the changes you made.

Questions about this report: support@wcagguard.com · wcagguard.com/audit

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